

GEODETIC ENGINEERS OF THE PHILIPPINES 44TH GEP ANNUAL REGIONAL CONVENTION (REGIONAL DIVISION III)



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The Systematic Land Verification (SyLVer) Protocol

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OUTLINE

- BACKGROUND
- CURRENT INITIATIVES
- SyLVer Protocol Research
- Conclusions and Recommendation







Cadastral Database

- parcel based and up-to-date land information database
- includes the geometric descriptions of the land parcels such as location, dimension and size.
- It is linked to other records that describe the nature of interests such as informations related to the rights, restrictions and responsibilities associated to the land parcel.

Cadastral Surveys

surveys done to determine the metes and bounds of all land parcels within an entire municipality or city and the proponent is the government executed by licensed geodetic engineer (DENR 2007)

Isolated Land Surveys

surveys of individual or small groups of parcels done to determine the metes and bounds, correct erroneous boundaries and for other purposes and the proponent is either the government or private entities executed by licensed geodetic engineer.





- Philippine Reference
 System of 1992
- Land Administration and Management Project

UPDATING???

DENR Regional Offices

- digitize cadastral data
- encoding and plotting the coordinates of individual parcels
- scanning and digitizing cadastral maps
- producing a computerized cadastral database



- Numerous initiatives done to improve land information system but minimal effort was done to answer the problem of maintaining and updating a cadastral database
- Development of modern geographic information systems (GIS) help solve the problem of incremental updating of cadastral database











Nationwide Database of Land Records













eSurveyPlan Windows Application

□ ADVANTAGES

- 1. can control who uses the app by distributing the program with registration keys (PKI, GE license number)
 - we can/need to identify who accesses the LAMS database
 - can meet the requirement of eCommerce Law by identifying the origin or recipient of data
- 2. user responsive application
- 3. can work offline, connection to regional office can be established on demand
- 4. ClickOnce deployment
- 5. GIS enabled (open source GIS)
- □ DISADVANTAGE
 - 1. require app to be installed on a personal computer/laptop

DENR



LAMS Philippines Operational Benefits

- 2. Improved access to land records & information at reduced costs to government, private & public clients
- Reduced land conflicts/disputes brought about by erroneous, overlapping or missing records
- 4. Double titling are avoided
- Improved land records managemen & maintain up-to-date information through linkage with other related systems
- Provision of accurate land information to LGUs to support their resource/development planning & tax mapping





Land Sector Modernization Project (LandS Mode)



- Three Components:
 - Three Dimensional Cadastre (3DCad)
 - Unified Projection System for Cadastral Data (UPSCad)
 - Cadastral Survey Records Reconstruction (CadSRR)



LandS Mode: 3DCad Objectives:

- Formulate an appropriate methodology in the generation of 3D Cadastre;
- Conduct field experiments in the data acquisition using appropriate equipment;
- Perform data processing and analysis on the applicability of 3D Cadastre on the study areas

Technology to be used:

- GNSS
- UAV
- Terrestrial Laser Scanner
- Computer and Processing Software



CURRENT INITIATIVES LandS Mode: 3DCad

3 Dimensions (X, Y, Z)



Figure 1-5. Sample of processed output from a photogrammetric survey using a UAV



CURRENT INITIATIVES LandS Mode: 3DCad

3 Dimensions (X, Y, Z)



Figure I-7. Land parcel boundaries and footprints of the building in the land cadastre (left), the proposed 3D representation of real property (middle), and data recorded in the building cadastre (right)



LandS Mode: UPSCad Objectives:

- Formulate appropriate methodology in the generation of a common projection system;
- Conduct field surveys in one (1) municipality with three (3) adjoining selected survey projects done in three (3) different reference systems mentioned;
- Perform data processing and analysis on the applicability of using satellite / or drone imageries on the study areas

Technology to be used:

- GNSS
- UAV
- Computer and Processing Software

CURRENT INITIATIVES LandS Mode: UPSCad





Figure II - 1. Visual representation of the PTM Zones (image source: Engr. John Louie Fabila)

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LandS Mode: UPSCad



Proposed Study Area: Adjoining Municipalities with different Coordinate System



LandS Mode: CadSRR Objectives:

- Review the current practices in survey records reconstruction;
- Formulate appropriate methodology in the survey reconstruction outside the LAMS-DCDB;
- Perform computer programming to provide additional commands to an open source and free GIS software which will be used as the platform for the survey records reconstruction and integration of processed data;
- Test and perform survey reconstruction methodology on the study areas

Technology to be used:

• Computer, GIS Software, Programming Software



CURRENT INITIATIVES LandS Mode: CadSRR Study A Paging



Study Areas: Regions 4A, 4B, Region 3 and NCR





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SyLVer Protocol Research OBJECTIVES

- Determine and evaluate the factors affecting cadastral database's changing information, provide a way to create and update a cadastral database and provide a way to maintain the historical information.
- Propose a Systematic Land Verification (SyLVer) Protocol that may help agencies such as DENR to do computerized incremental updating while maintaining the topological integrity of a cadastral database.
- Another form of 3 dimensional cadastre (X, Y, T)



SyLVer Protocol Research CADASTRAL DATABASE

FIELD NAME	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	
UPI	Unique Parcel Identifier, primary key		
Letne	Lotnumber		
SurveyNo.	Survey number		
Claimant	Claimant or owner		
CMQuadSec	Cadastral map quadrangle where the parcel is located/plotted	applies to cadastral data from Cadastral Maps	
Brgy	Barangay		
Muncplity	Municipality		
Province	Province		
Island	Island		
GeEngr.	Geodetic Engineer		
d8Surveyed	Date Surveyed		
SurvSymNo	Surv. Sym. & No.	applies to titled lots only	
LRCNo	LRC Record No.	applies to titled lots only	
Area	Area of the lot declared on the survey plan		

Attributes of the Cadastral Database



CADASTRAL DATABASE

D8Submited	Date Submitted to DENR for verification and approval	
D8Approved	Date the survey plan was approved by DENR	can be used to trace the successive history of a parcel
Mothr_lotN	Mother lot number	applies to isolated surveys only
Mothr_surN	Mother lot survey number	applies to isolated surveys only
Mothr_UPI	Mother lot unique parcel identifier	applies to isolated surveys only; can be used as link between the mother lot and resultant parcel
OrigSurNo	Original Survey number	applies to isolated surveys only
OrigSurD8	Original Survey date	applies to isolated surveys only
OrigD8Aprv	Original survey date of approval	applies to isolated surveys only
OCTNo	Original Certificate of Title Number	applies to titled lots only
ICTNo.	Transfer certificate of Title Number	applies to isolated surveys on titled lots only
CompArea	Computed Area	



CADASTRAL DATABASE

Types of Survey Based on Survey Symbols				
Survey Type	Survey Symbol			
Cadastral Survey	Cad			
	Psu, RS, Fli,			
Original Survey	Msi			
Subdivision Survey	Psd, Csd			
Consolidation Survey	Pcn, Ccn			
Consolidation-Subdivision				
Survey	Pcs, Ccs			
Verification Survey	Vs			

Typical survey symbols based on the type of survey conducted



SyLVer Protocol Research CADASTRAL DATABASE INCREMENTAL UPDATING

I. Spatial characteristic- affects the geometry of the parcel

Subdivision Survey
 Consolidation Survey
 Consolidation-Subdivision Survey
 Verification Survey

(segmentation/split)
(mergence /union)
(complex change)
(boundary adjustment)

II. Attribute characteristic- geometric position does not change

- change in ownership, land classification etc.



SyLVer Protocol Research CADASTRAL DATABASE INCREMENTAL UPDATING

Change in the characteristic of a lot can be identified by

- topological relationship between the parcels before and after the change
- topological integrity constraints and attribute property (Chen, Zhou and Li 2007).



(c) X overlap Y



(b) Y inside x







SyLVer Protocol Research ARCGIS PARCEL EDITOR

- Parcel Fabric
- Base-map Creation
- Update Layer
- History Layer

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PROPOSED SYSTEMATIC LAND VERIFICATION (SyLVer) PROTOCOL





Base Map Creation Flowchart

PROPOSED SYSTEMATIC LAND VERIFICATION (SyLVer) PROTOCOL





Procedure for Updating Cadastral Database Map

PROPOSED SYSTEMATIC LAND VERIFICATION (SyLVer) PROTOCOL



Subdivision Survey Protocol

PROPOSED SYSTEMATIC LAND VERIFICATION (SyLVer) PROTOCOL



Consolidation-Subdivision Survey Protocol



Consolidation Survey Protocol



PROPOSED SYSTEMATIC LAND VERIFICATION (SyLVer) PROTOCOL





Verification Survey Protocol

PROPOSED SYSTEMATIC LAND VERIFICATION (SyLVer) PROTOCOL

Protocol checks for subdivision, consolidation-subdivision, consolidation and verification surveys include the following:

- Checking of the number of lots in the Update Layer;
- Tolerance checking;
- Checking of the number of mother lots in the base-map; and
- Checking of the computed land area of the parcels in the Update Layer and the Base Map Layer



CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS computerization of survey records

- including the LAMS project and the LandS Mode Research Project
- A good parcel updating system is important as it provides user with up-to-date information. Historical data are still relevant as it provides chronological history of parcels that may be needed in several purposes such as investigation.
- The proposed SyLVer protocol may provide another level of improving and updating of cadastral database in a computer environment. It is another form of 3D cadastre where the third dimension is time.



CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- GIS software can provide an efficient and capable tool in the implementation of cadastral database build-up and incremental updating. ArcGIS provided modules such as the Parcel Editor that can readily be used. The cost of buying such third party software must be considered. However, alternative GIS software are available.
- Implementation using actual data is the next level of the study and use of the SyLVer Protocol. This may be done in coordination and support of DENR.



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Try not to become a person of success, but rather try to become a person of value - Albert Einstein



Thank you for your attention!!!

